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THE PROFESSION OF TRANSLATOR IN THE MODERN WORLD

Introduction. In today's globalized world, the translator's profession plays a key role in international communication, trade, science, and cultural exchange. Translators enable people from different countries to interact effectively, access new knowledge, and establish partnerships. The role of the translator has evolved significantly with technological advancements, but it remains an essential and in-demand profession (Humeniuk, 2019, 15-18).

Translation has always been a bridge between cultures, allowing knowledge and ideas to transcend language barriers. Historically, translators facilitated the spread of literature, philosophy, and scientific discoveries, shaping civilizations. Today, their role extends beyond traditional fields to industries such as business, diplomacy, medicine, and technology (Venuti, 2018, 12-14).

Objective: The purpose of the internship as an English language philologist is to consolidate theoretical knowledge, develop professional skills and gain practical experience in the field of translation, linguistics and teaching.

The internship helps to improve language competence, oral and written communication skills, and mastery of text analysis methods and translation strategies. It also helps students to adapt to real-life working conditions, develop communication skills and critical thinking.

In addition, the internship is an opportunity to get acquainted with modern technologies in the field of translation, learn how to work with professional software and expand knowledge of intercultural communication. It develops responsibility, independence and the ability to find quick solutions in professional situations.

In general, the internship allows students to gain valuable experience that will become the basis for further career development in the field of English philology.

Climax. One of the main features of the translation profession is its versatility. There are different types of translation: interpretation, literary, technical, legal, medical, and many others. Each of these requires not only a profound knowledge of languages but also an understanding of the specifics of a particular industry. For example, medical translators must be familiar with specialized terminology to ensure accurate communication in healthcare settings (Vasylieva, 2018, 25-30).

A modern translator must have not only linguistic proficiency but also expertise in digital tools. The increasing use of automated translation systems, such as CAT

(Computer-Assisted Translation) programs, has significantly enhanced work efficiency. These tools assist in managing terminology consistency and speeding up translation processes. However, despite advancements in artificial intelligence and machine translation, the human factor remains irreplaceable. Only a professional translator can accurately convey nuances of meaning, emotional undertones, and cultural context, which automated systems often fail to capture (Pym, 2014, 45-50).

Moreover, translation is not just about words—it is about meaning and context. A phrase translated word-for-word may lose its intended meaning if cultural aspects are ignored. For instance, idioms and proverbs often require adaptation rather than direct translation. Cultural competence is a fundamental skill for translators, as it helps avoid misunderstandings and ensures the precision of the conveyed message (Venuti, 2018, 60-65).

In addition to linguistic and technical skills, professional translators must continuously develop their expertise. Languages are constantly evolving, with new words, slang, and specialized terminology emerging in different fields. A translator must stay updated with industry trends, actively read in multiple languages, and refine their skills through practice and further education (Humeniuk, 2019, 88-90).

Conclusion. The translation profession is extremely significant in the modern world. It integrates linguistic, technical, and cultural expertise, making it both challenging and rewarding. While technology assists in certain aspects of translation, human translators remain indispensable due to their ability to interpret emotions, context, and cultural elements that machines cannot fully grasp (Venuti, 2018, 112-11).

Furthermore, translation serves as a medium for fostering international relations, promoting mutual understanding, and preserving cultural heritage. As global interactions continue to expand, the need for skilled translators will only grow. Therefore, those pursuing a career in translation must embrace lifelong learning, technological advancements, and cultural awareness to remain competitive and effective in this ever-evolving field (Vasylieva, 2018, 178-180).

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